

through Landscapes

# Previous Learning Required

- How to define a noun and an adjective.
- What alliteration means.

## Learning Outcomes

- How to correctly use alliteration.
- How to effectively use rhythms and patterns in poetry.

# Equipment

- A flat tarmac space in your school grounds
- Chalk
- Alternatively, use clipboards, paper, and pencils
- Small natural materials. For example: pebbles, twigs, leaves, pinecones; or a natural space to observe.

## Activity

- 1. Ask pupils, individually or in groups, to look for a single natural object and observe what it is doing or what it looks like.
- **2.** Ask pupils to note down their observations or collect the object if possible.
- 3. Now ask pupils to write a phrase describing the object, following the pattern:

Number - Adjective - Alliteration - Noun One white, slippery snowball.

**4.** Repeat this process with two new matching natural objects, then three new matching natural objects, and so on. For example:

Two red, bright berries.

Three brown, prickly pinecones.

**5**. This will create a series of lines in numerical order as a poem.

## Check for understanding

 Ask pupils to identify the problem with the following sentence, and to improve it:

Three green, pointy leaves.

 Ask pupils to underline and label the different elements of their poem, labelling the adjectives, nouns, and examples of alliteration.



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